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1961

A53UN

U R G E N T

SECOND NIGHT LEAD SECRETARY-GENERAL

BY WILLIAM N. OATIS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 3 (AP)-U THANT OF BURMA WAS ELECTED ACTING SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS TODAY BY UNANIMOUS VOTE OF ITS 103 MEMBERS.

THE 52-YEAR-OLD, MILD MANNERED BUDDHIST DIPLOMAT WAS CHOSEN BY SECRET BALLOT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY. HE WILL SERVE UNTIL APRIL 10, 1963, END OF THE FIVE-YEAR TERM OF THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, WHO WAS KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH IN AFRICA SEPT. 18. THE JOB PAYS $55,000 A YEAR IN SALARY AND ALLOWANCES.

THE ASSEMBLY'S ACTION FOLLOWED A UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATION BY THE SECURITY COUNCIL. VOTED IN SECRET SESSION LESS THAN 4 1/2 HOURS EARLIER.

THE NEW VACTING SECRETARY-GENERAL GOT A 30-SECOND STANDING OVATION FROM DELEGATES AND SPECTATORS ON ENTERING THE PACKED BLUE AND GOLD ASSEMBLY HALL.

TAKING THE OATH OF OFFICE, U THANT SWORE NOT TO SEEK OR ACCEPT INSTRUCTIONS IN REGARD TO THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS DUTIES "FROM ANY GOVERNMENT, OR OTHER AUTHORITY EXTERNAL TO THE UNITED NATIONS."

IN HIS ACCEPTANCE SPEECH SOON AFTER, HE PROMISED TO MAINTAIN AN ATTITUDE OF OBJECTIVITY IN KEEPING WITH THE POLICY OF NONALIGNMENT OF BURMA, WHICH HE HAS REPRESENTED HERE SINCE 1957.

HE ALSO SAID HE WOULD INVITE A LIMITED NUMBER OF U.N. UNDER SECRETARIES "TO ACT AS MY PRINCIPAL ADVISERS ON IMPORTANT QUESTIONS"- AND THEY WOULD INCLUDE RALPH J. BUNCHE OF THE UNITED STATES AND GEORGY P. ARKADEV OF THE SOVIET UNION.

THE MENTION OF ARKADEV AND BUNCHE, AMERICAN NEGRO WINNER OF A NOBEL PEACE PRIZE FOR HIS PALESTINE SOLUTIONS MORE THAN A DECADE AGO, AROUSED IMMEDIATE SPECULATION IN THE ASSEMBLY ON THE WHOLE COMPOSITION OF HIS CABINET OF UNDERSECRETARIES.

U THANT'S ELECTION WAS CELEBRATED AT A RECEPTION GIVEN BY THE 13 UNDERSECRETARIES AND AT A DINNER GIVEN BY BURMANS IN NEW YORK.

AT THE RECEPTION A HIGH DIPLOMATIC SOURCE SAID THAT IN THE FINAL NEGOTIATIONS ON AN INTERIM CHIEF EXECUTIVE THE RUSSIANS WANTED HIM TO MENTION HIS RELIANCE ON BOTH THE SOVIET UNION AND THE UNITED STATES FOR TOP ADVICE.

THE UNITED STATES, ON THE OTHER HAND, WANTED U THANT TO MENTION ADVISERS BY NAME, ACCORDING TO THE DIPLOMATIC SOURCE. THEORETICALLY, THE U.N. SECRETARIAT PEOPLE ARE INTERNATIONAL CIVIL SERVANTS WITHOUT REGARD TO THEIR NATIONALITIES AND ARE SUPPOSED TO SERVE WITH EMPHASIS ON INTERNATIONAL OBJECTIVITY; UNDER THIS REASONING, ARKADEV AND BUNCHE AS TOP ADVISERS WOULD BE MEN APART FROM THEIR SOVEREIGN NATIONS.

U THANT WAS REPRESENTED AS MAKING THE FINAL DECISION HIMSELF TO MENTION ONLY THE TWO BY NAME IN HIS ACCEPTANCE SPEECH.

"IT IS ALSO MY INTENTION," HE DECLARED, "TO WORK TOGETHER WITH THESE COLLEAGUES IN CLOSE COLLABORATION AND CONSULTATION IN A SPIRIT OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING."

THIS, HE SAID, "IS WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO SUCH FUTURE ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES AS EXPERIENCE MAY REVEAL TO BE NECESSARY."

1961

SPECULATION WAS THAT U THANT WOULD NAME FIVE PRINCIPAL ADVISERS AND TWO HEADS OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S OWN OFFICE STAFF TO HIS ADVISORY GROUP. HE WAS NOT EXPECTED TO APPOINT THE GROUP UNTIL SOME TIME LATER.

HE DID NOT TELL THE ASSEMBLY WHY HE MENTIONED ONLY BUNCHE AND ARKADEV AS DESTINED TO BE IN IT. BUT THEY ARE THE ONLY PERSONS MENTIONED IN PRIVATE DISCUSSION OF THE MATTER THAT HAVE WON UNIVERSAL ACCEPTANCE.

A U.S. DELEGATION SOURCE CALLED REPORTERS TOGETHER TO STRESS THAT THE UNITED STATES DID NOT CONSIDER THAT U THANT HAD SET UP A SO-CALLED TROIKA TO HEAD THE UNITED NATIONS.

THERE HAD BEEN SUCH REPORTS, THE SOURCE SAID, BASED ON THE THEORY THAT U THANT, ARKADEV AND BUNCHE WOULD AMOUNT TO THE NEUTRALIST-COMMUNIST-WESTERNER SETUP THE SOVIET UNION HAS SOUGHT FOR PERMANENT DIRECTORATE OF THE SECRETARIAT.

THE U.S. SOURCE NOTED THAT U THANT SAID MERELY THAT HE INTENDED TO INCLUDE THE TWO AMONG HIS PRINCIPAL ADVISERS. THE SOURCE ALSO EMPHASIZED THAT THE LIST WAS INCOMPLETE.

THE SOURCE SAID THE UNITED STATES WAS GRATIFIED AT THE MENTION OF BUNCHE. HE REMARKED THAT U THANT HAD "GOTTEN OFF TO A GOOD START."

U THANT ADDRESSED THE ASSEMBLY FROM THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S CHAIR TO THE RIGHT OF ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT MONGI SLIM OF TUNISIA. HE WORE A DARK BLUE SUIT AND BLACK-RIMMED GLASSES AND READ HIS SPEECH CALMLY AND DELIBERATELY IN BURMESE-ACCENTED ENGLISH.

WISHING U THANT SUCCESS, SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN SAID HIS INTENTION TO APPOINT ADVISERS "GIVES US THE HOPE THAT . . .PRACTICAL STEPS WILL BE TAKEN IN ORDER TO ELIMINATE THE ONE-SIDED NATURE IN THE ACTIVITIES" OF THE SECRETARIAT.

"WE WANT TO BELIEVE THAT THINGS WILL BE BETTER NOW," SAID ZORIN, WHOSE GOVERNMENT HAD BOYCOTTED HAMMARSKJOLD ON GROUNDS THAT HE WAS PRO-WESTERN.

PRAISING U THANT FOR "INDEPENDENCE OF MIND AND SPIRIT," U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E.STEVENSON TOLD THE ASSEMBLY, "THERE WILL BE NO VETO IN THE SECRETARIAT AND NO WEAKENING OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY-GENERAL."

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES' OBJECTIVE "TO PROTECT THE INTEGRITY OF THE CHARTER AND THE OFFICE OF SECRETARY-GENERAL"--HAD BEEN ACCOMPLISHED IN THE NEGOTIATIONS ON CHOOSING U THANT.

"HE WILL APPOINT HIS OWN STAFF," SAID STEVENSON, "AND CONSULT THEM ENTIRELY AS HE ALONE DECIDES, IN A MANNER CONSISTENT WITH THE CHARTER."

STEVENSON FINISHED BY READING A TELEGRAM HE HAD JUST RECEIVED FROM PRESIDENT KENNEDY, WHO CONGRATULATED U THANT AND SAID HIS ELECTION "IS A SPLENDID ACHIEVEMENT IN WHICH THE WHOLE WORLD CAN REJOICE."

THE RESOLUTION FOR U THANT'S ELECTION WAS SPONSORED BY CEYLON, LIBERIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND WAS INTRODUCED BY CEYLONESE DELEGAGATE G.P. MALALASEKERA, WHO ADDRESSED THE ASSEMBLY IN A MONK'S ROBES OF U THANT'S OWN BUDDHISM.

THE KEY PHRASE IN U THANT'S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH WAS THE PART ABOUT "A LIMITED NUMBER" OF ADVISERS.

THE BIG FOUR ALL ACCEPTED THAT FORMULA YESTERDAY WHEN U THANT SUBMITTED IT TO THEM SECRETLY. THAT BROKE A DEADLOCK OVER WHETHER THERE SHOULD BE SEVEN PRINCIPAL ADVISERS, FAVORED BY THE SOVIET UNION, OR FIVE, FAVORED BY THE WESTERN POWERS. IT SETTLED THE LAST ISSUE OUTSTANDING IN SIX WEEKS OF NEGOTIATIONS TO GET A NEW U.N. CHIEF.

THE 11-NATION SECURITY COUNCIL, MEETING PRIVATELY, RECOMMENDED U THANT AT 11:43 A.M. EST BY UNANIMOUS SHOW OF HANDS IN FAVOR OF A RESOLUTION SUBMITTED BY CEYLON, LIBERIA AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

AFTERWARD, U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON TOLD SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN, COUNCIL PRESIDENT FOR NOVEMBER, THAT HE WAS HAPPY UNANIMOUS AGREEMENT HAD BEEN ACHIEVED AT THE FIRST MEETING UNDER ZORIN'S PRESIDENCY AND HE HOPED THIS AUGURED WELL FOR THE FUTURE.

ZORIN SENT NOTICES OF THE COUNCIL'S RECOMMENDATION TO U THANT AND TO MONGI SLIM, ASSEMBLY PRESIDENT. HE WROTE U THANT THAT THE COUNCIL HOPED "YOU WILL BE ABLE TO ACCEPT THIS APPOINTMENT AND TO DEVOTE YOUR GREAT TALENTS TO THE TASKS BEFORE THE U.N. SECRETARIAT UNDER THE TERMS OF THE CHARTER."

ZORIN TOLD REPORTERS THAT WHILE AGREEING ON A TEMPORARY SECRETARY-GENERAL, THE SOVIET UNION STUCK TO ITS OLD POSITION ON A PERMANENT ONE. THAT POSITION IS THAT INSTEAD OF ONE MAN AT THE TOP THERE SHOULD BE THREE--COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND NEUTRAL--EACH WITH A VETO.

AMBASSADOR STEVENSON TOLD NEWSMEN THE COUNCIL'S ACTION CULMINATED "SIX WEEKS OF ALMOST INCESSANT NEGOTIATIONS IN A MANNER EXTREMELY SATISFACTORY TO THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION AND, WE BELIEVE, TO MOST ALL OF THE MEMBERS OF THE UNITED NATIONS."

SIR PATRICK DEAN OF BRITAIN SAID HE FELT "QUITE SATISFIED." THE BRITISH DELEGATION, IT WAS LEARNED LATER, BELIEVES THAT THE ARRANGEMENT FOR PUTTING U THANT IN OFFICE RULES OUT PRECONDITIONS AND LEAVES THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S OFFICE WITH THE SAME HIGH DIGNITY AND STATUS IT HELD UNDER HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE SOVIET UNION LAST YEAR BEGAN A CAMPAIGN TO FORCE HAMMARSKJOLD'S RESIGNATION ON GROUNDS HE HAD EXCEEDED HIS AUTHORITY AND MISMANAGED THE U.N. CONGO OPERATION. IT PRODUCED THE IDEA OF A TROIKA, OR THREE-MAN BOARD, TO REPLACE HIM, AND IN THE LAST HALF YEAR OF HIS LIFE THE SOVIET BLOC BOYCOTTED HIM.

IN THE NEGOTIATIONS TO REPLACE HIM, THE RUSSIANS FIRST INSISTED ON A TEMPORARY TROIKA TO RUN THE SECRETARIAT. THEY FINALLY SETTLED FOR ONE MAN--AND AGREED TO LEAVE TO HIM HOW MANY ADVISERS HE SHOULD HAVE.

THE NEGOTIATIONS HAD GOT STUCK BETWEEN THE SOVIET AND WESTERN POSITIONS ON THE NUMBER OF ADVISERS. THEY CAME UNSTUCK ONLY AFTER THE U.S. AND BRITISH DELEGATIONS ISSUED STATEMENTS SAYING THEY WOULD LEAVE THE NUMBER TO U THANT.

THE WESTERN IDEA WAS FIVE ADVISERS--AMERICAN, RUSSIAN, LATIN AMERICAN, AFRICAN AND WESTERN EUROPEAN. THE SOVIET IDEA WAS SEVEN--ALL THOSE PLUS AN EASTERN EUROPEAN AND AN ASIAN. SOME DIPLOMATS GUESSED TODAY THAT U THANT EVENTUALLY WOULD CHOOSE SEVEN--BUT WOULD PUT THE EASTERN EUROPEAN AND THE ASIAN IN A SPECIAL CATEGORY SOMEWHAT BELOW THE OTHERS.

DB330PES

A15
AMS BUDGET

PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS: U THANT (600)

BY TOM HOGE

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 3 (AP)-THE MAN CHOSEN AS INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE U.N. IS A PRACTICING NEUTRAL WHO HAS SOUGHT TO GET ALONG WITH BOTH THE COMMUNISTS AND THE WEST--BUT ONLY WHEN HE BELIEVED THEY WERE RIGHT.

BURMA'S 52-YEAR-OLD U THANT FIRMLY BELIEVES A TRUE NEUTRAL MUST BE AN ACTIVE ONE, WHO CALLS THE SHOTS AS HE SEES THEM.

"PEACE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED THROUGH PASSIVE NEUTRALISM, WHICH WOULD MEAN A WITHDRAWAL FROM THE BATTLE FOR PEACE," HE ONCE TOLD THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

AS HEAD OF BURMA'S U.N. DELEGATION, HE HAS DENOUNCED HE SOVIET UNION FOR INTERVENTION IN HUNGARY, THE UNITED STATES FOR ITS POSITION ON CUBA AND FRANCE FOR ITS ALGERIAN POLICY.

PERFORMANCEHAS SHOWN HIM A MAN OF ACTION. OPPOSING ANY ATTEMPT TO WEAKEN THE AUTHORITY OF THE UNITED NATIONS EXECUTIVE.

WHEN PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV DEMANDED LAST YEAR THAT DAG HAMMARSKJOLD BE REPLACED BY A THREE-HEADED TROIKA, U THANT TOLD THE ASSEMBLY HE WAS AGAINST ANY SCHEME THAT WOULD WATER DOWN THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S POWERS.

"ANY SUCH COURSE IS NOT ONLY BOUND TO RETARD THE EFFICIENCY OF THE UNITED NATIONS OPERATIONS, BUT IS SURE TO SEAKEN THE ORGANIZATION ITSELF," HE ASSERTED.

HIS RECORD OF IMPARTIALITY AND BELIEF IN A STRONG UNITED NATIONS HAVE PROMPTED MANY DIPLOMATS TO LIKEN HIM TO HAMMARSKJOLD.

A BELIEVER IN BUDDHISM, U THANT CONSIDERS IT ESSENTIAL FOR A MAN TO KEEP HIS "EMOTIAONAL EQUIBILBRIUM." HE ADMITS, HOWEVER, THAT HIS OWN CALM WAS SOMEWHAT SHAKEN WHEN HE FOUND HIMSELF HEADED TOWARD THE TOP U.N. POST.

"OF COURSE THERE WAS A MOMENT OF EMOTIONAL EXCITEMENT," HE SAID, "BUT I HAVE BEEN TRAINED IN THE BUDHIST TRADITION OF CONCENTRATION AND MEDITATION TO SEEK A CERTAIN DETACHMENT."

A POLISHED ORATOR AND TENACIOUS BARGAINER, U THANT HAS PLAYED AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN BEHIND-SCENES NEGOTIATIONS WHICH MAKE MOST U.N. DECISIONS POSSIBLE.

HIS SKILL AS A NEGOTIATOR EVIDENTLY PLAYED A KEY PART IN BRINGING THE SOVIET UNION AND THE WEST TO FINAL AGREEMENT ON NAMING HIM SUCCESSOR TO HAMMARSKJOLD.

U THANT WAS BORN IN THE TOWN OF PANTANAW, NEAR RANGOON, AND ATTENDED THE LOCAL SCHOOLS. AT RANGOON UNIVERSITY HE BECAME FRIENDLY WITH U NU, NOW PRIME MINISTER OF BURMA. BOTH MEN LATER TOOK UP TEACHING ENGLISH AND MODERN HISTORY AT PANTANAW HIGH SCHOOL.

AFTER WORLD WAR II, U THANT PLUNGED INTO PUBLIC LIFE. IN 1947 HE WAS CHOSEN PRESS AND PUBLICITY DIRECTOR OF THE ANTI-FASCIST PEOPLE'S FREEDOM LEAGUE, THE COUNTRY'S RULING POLITICAL GROUP. WHEN BURMA BECAME INDEPENDENT THE FOLLOWING YEAR, HE BECAME GOVERNMENT PRESS CHIEF.

HE ACCOMPANIED U NU TO MANY INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES AND BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH KHRUSHCHEV AND MAO TZE-TUNG. HE WAS NAMED TO BURMA'S U.N. DELEGATION IN 1952, TAKING OVER AS CHIEF FIVE YEARS LATER.

A20

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., FIRST ADD PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS: U THANT (A15-16) X X X YEARS LATER.

MARRIED, U THANT HAS A DAUGHTER AND A SON WHO IS A STUDENT AT HUNTER COLLEGE.

IN HIS APARTMENT ON NEW YORK'S UPPER EAST SIDE, U THANT LIKES HIS NATIVE DRESS--A LONG KILT. AT THE U.N. HE WEARS IMPECCABLE DARK SUITS PURCHASED IN NEW YORK FOR $150.

SUAVE AND GREGARIOUS, HE IS FREQUENTLY SEEN AT U.N. COCKTAIL PARTIES PUFFING A SMALL BLACK CIGAR. HE DRINKS SPARINGLY AND PREFERS DAIQUIRIS.

AN AVID READER, HE CLOSELY FOLLOWS THE MAIN JOURNALS OF OPINION OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN. AT 11 EACH NIGHT A SERVANT BRINGS IN FIRST EDITIONS OF NEW YORK MORNING PAPERS. AT 8 A.M. LATE EDITIONS ARE BROUGHT TO HIS BREAKFAST TABLE.

U THANT'S EARLY AMBITION WAS TO BECOME A POLITICAL NEWS WRITER. HE HAS CONTRIBUTED TO BURMESE NEWSPAPERS AND HAS WRITTEN A NUMBER OF BOOKS INCLUDING A WORK ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS AND A HISTORY OF MODERN BURMA.

HE HAS ONLY ONE NAME--THANT. "U" IN BURMA IS A TITLE OF RESPECT, USED WITH THE NAME. THE PRONUNCIATION IS OOH THAWNT.

RP218PES

30.24-2157

A78
U THANT
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 3 (AP)-U THANT OF BURMA IS THE THIRD SECRETARY-GENERAL TO SERVE THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE FIRST ASIAN IN THE POST. HIS PREDECESSORS WERE SCANDINAVIANS.
TRYGVE LIE, A NORWEGIAN, WAS ELECTED FEB. 1, 1946. HE TENDERED HIS RESIGNATION UNDER SOVIET BLOC PRESSURE ON NOV. 10, 1952, BUT AGREED TO STAY ON UNTIL AGREEMENT WAS REACHED ON A SUCCESSOR.
DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, A SWEDE, WAS APPROVED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON APRIL 7, 1953 AND INSTALLED THREE DAYS LATER. HE SERVED UNTIL HIS DEATH IN A PLANE CRASH IN NORTHERN RHODESIA ON SEPT. 18.
KL638PES

B74CO (RED CHINA) Q
BROADCASTERS (200)
COLUMBUS, OHIO, NOV. 3 (AP)-THE UNITED NATIONS WILL TURN DOWN RED CHINA'S BID FOR MEMBERSHIP, WALTER P. MCCONAUGHY, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR FAR EASTERN AFFAIRS, SAID TODAY.
"RED CHINA WILL BE TURNED DOWN AS LONG AS IT DEFIES THE UNITED NATIONS' CHARTER, AS LONG AS IT DOES NOTHING ABOUT ITS AGGRESSIVE ACTION IN KOREA AND AS LONG AS IT REFUSES TO PAY EVEN LIP-SERVICE TO A POLICY OF NON-AGGRESSION," SAID MCCONAUGHY.
IN A SPEECH BEFORE THE ANNUAL FALL CONVENTION OF THE OHIO ASSOCIATION OF BROADCASTERS, MCCONAUGHY OUTLINED A MIDDLE COURSE FOR THE FAR EAST. "BASIC STABILITY HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED," HE SAID. "THERE IS NO ROOM FOR DIRE PESSIMISM, BUT NEITHER CAN WE BE UNREALLY OPTIMISTIC."
HE SAID THE UNITED STATES REALIZES THAT RED CHINA WILL HAVE TO BE A PARTY TO ANY NEGOTIATIONS CONCERNING THE FAR EAST, "WHICH IT CAN BE WITHOUT OUR DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION."
MCCONAUGHY EXPLAINED THE UNITED STATES' POLICY FOR THE AREA IN TERMS OF SELF-HELP AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. "THE RECEPTION IS GOOD AND THE OUTLOOK IS FAVORABLE," HE SAID.
"MORE AND MORE THOSE NATIONS ARE REALIZING THE MENACE OF COMMUNIST CHINA AND THAT APPLIES TO THE UNALIGNED COUNTRIES AS WELL AS THOSE ASSOCIATED WITH US. THEY ARE AWARE THAT THE UNITED STATES IS TRYING TO CONTAIN THE OUTWARD PRESSURE OF COMMUNIST CHINA, NOT BY FORCE BUT BY NEGOTIATION."
HE SAID IT WAS NATURAL FOR AMERICANS TO WANT SITUATIONS IN BLACK AND WHITE, BUT UNFORTUNATELY WE HAVE TO "MUDDLE THROUGH THE GRAY--AND WE CAN DO IT."
B745PES NM

A30WX
(350) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD U.S.-NUCLEAR
BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER
WASHINGTON, NOV. 3 (AP)-ANOTHER "GAP" FIGURES SIGNIFICANTLY IN PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S GET-READY POLICY ON TESTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THE AIR.
IN THIS CASE, KENNEDY HAS DECLARED THE UNITED STATES CONTINUES TO HOLD A LEAD BETWEEN ITS NUCLEAR STRENGTH AND THE CORRESPONDING POWER OF ANY OTHER NATION, INCLUDING THE SOVIET UNION.
THIS COUNTRY, HE INDICATED, WILL RESUME ATMOSPHERIC TESTING IF IT FINDS THAT RUSSIA IS NARROWING--OR THREATENS TO NARROW--THAT GAP.
WITH THE CURRENT SERIES OF SOVIET TESTS, KENNEDY IN EFFECT ACKNOWLEDGED THIS WEEK THAT RUSSIA MAY BE MAKING ADVANCES. BUT THIS DOES NOT MEAN THE WORLD CAN EXPECT AN EARLY U.S. SHOT INTO THE ATMOSPHERE. NONE SHOULD BE EXPECTED FOR MONTHS--NOT THIS YEAR NOR EARLY NEXT.
OFFICIALS CLOSE TO THE SUBJECT NOTE THAT THE PREPARATIONS KENNEDY ORDERED ON THURSDAY CANNOT BE MADE IMMEDIATELY. CONCLUSIONS ALSO MUST BE REACHED ON THE NATURE AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE SOVIET TESTS, WHICH APPARENTLY HAVE NOT ENDED, AND ON WHAT PURPOSES THE UNITED STATES MAY WANT TO EXPLORE.
THESE PROBABLY WILL INCLUDE PERFECTION OF WARHEADS AND ANTI-MISSILE WEAPONS.
A YEAR AGO KENNEDY'S ALLEGATIONS OF A "MISSILE GAP" HAD BURST INTO A CAMPAIGN ISSUE. REPUBLICANS DISPUTED HIS CLAIM THAT RUSSIA WAS IN A SUPERIOR POSITION. ADMINISTRATION OFFICIALS NOW CONTEND THE UNITED STATES PACKS EQUAL "DETERRENT" STRENGTH AND MAY OVERTAKE RUSSIA WITH ITS MISSILE ARSENAL BY 1963.
DECLARING THE UNITED STATES IS "MANY TIMES" AHEAD IN THE NUCLEAR GAP, KENNEDY EMPHASIZED IN HIS POLICY ANNOUNCEMENT:
"IT IS ESSENTIAL TO THE DEFENSE OF THE FREE WORLD THAT WE MAINTAIN THIS RELATIVE POSITION."
KENNEDY HINGED THE ACTUAL FIRING OF ATMOSPHERIC SHOTS TO MILITARY NECESSITY, BUT CLEARLY LAID THE BASIS FOR GOING BEYOND THE EXPENSIVE AND TIME-CONSUMING UNDERGROUND OPERATIONS TO WHICH THE UNITED STATES HAS LIMITED ITSELF SINCE RUSSIA BROKE THE THREE-YEAR MORATORIUM ON TESTS.
HE HAS PROMISED THAT DANGEROUS RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT FROM ANY U.S. EXPERIMENTS WILL BE HELD TO AN "ABSOLUTE MINIMUM," NOWHERE APPROACHING THE DEBRIS FLUNG INTO THE ATMOSPHERE BY RUSSIA'S 50-MEGATON EXPLOSION.
ADMINISTRATION SOURCES EMPHASIZE THAT THIS IS A FIXED PART OF THE GET-READY POLICY. THEY SUGGEST ONLY TWO REASONS FOR TESTING, NEITHER OF THEM POLITICAL OR PSYCHOLOGICAL: TO DEVELOP NEW WEAPONS OR GAUGE THEIR EFFECTS.
PE&JC255PES

A61 (120)
CARLUKE, SCOTLAND, NOV. 3 (AP)-BRITAIN HAS SUFFICIENT NUCLEAR STRIKING POWER TO "PUT MOST OF RUSSIA'S BIG CITIES OUT OF EXISTENCE," FOREIGN SECRETARY LORD HOME SAID TONIGHT.
"BUT WE DO NOT BRANDISH OUR BOMBS LIKE MR.KHRUSHCHEV," LORD HOME DECLARED, "BECAUSE WE BELIEVE THAT POWER SHOULD BE USED WITH DISCRETION AND RESPONSIBILITY AND NEVER IN ANGER AND WITH AGGRESSIVE INTENT."
THE FOREIGN SECRETARY TOLD A CONSERVATIVE PARTY RALLY IN THIS LANARKSHIRE TOWN:
"WE WILL NEVER USE OUR ARMED FORCES TO COMPEL OTHERS TO ADOPT OUR CREED OR OUR WAY OF LIFE--BUT WE WILL WITH OUR ALLIES, DEFEND IT IF IT IS THREATENED WITH ECLIPSE.
"THAT IS WHY THE GOVERNMENT HAS HAD TO TAKE MEASURES TO INCREASE THE STRENGTH OF OUR ARMED SERVICES."
ANOTHER CABINET MEMBER DECLARED BRITAIN IS "NOT GOING TO BE FRIGHTENED BY RUSSIAN TESTS OR RUSSIAN THREATS."
ADDRESSING A PUBLIC MEETING IN NORTHWEST ENGLAND, AIR MINISTER JULIAN AMERY SAID:
"IN THE EVENT OF A RUSSIAN ATTACK ENOUGH OF OUR BOMBERS WOULD GET THROUGH TO CRIPPLE NOT JUST THE MILITARY POTENTIAL OF THE SOVIET UNION BUT A LARGE PART OF THEIR POPULATION, THEIR INDUSTRY AND THEIR MACHINERY OF GOVERNMENT.
"THE PRICE WE WOULD EXACT FROM THE RUSSIANS FOR AN ATTACK ON ENGLAND IS MORE THAN THEY COULD AFFORD TO PAY."
JG/MC748PES

A175

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, NOV. 3 (AP)-IN ITS FIRST OFFICIAL COMMENT YUGOSLAVIA EXPRESSED ITS "PROFOUND REGRET" OVER THE SOVIET EXPLOSION OF A 50-MEGATON BOMB.

DRAGO KUNC, SPOKESMAN FOR THE GOVERNMENT TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT YUGOSLAVIA OPPOSES NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS REGARDLESS OF THE COUNTRY WHICH SET THEM OFF AND THE MOTIVES ACCOMPANYING THE BLASTS.

"THESE EXPLOSIONS NOT ONLY THREATEN LIFE OF PRESENT AND FUTURE GENERATIONS BUT ALSO POISON INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND INSTIGATE THE EXTREMELY DANGEROUS ARMAMENT RACE," KUNC DECLARED.

HE NOTED THAT YUGOSLAVIA SUPPORTS THE PROPOSAL OF THE NONALIGNED NATIONS FOR A MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS AND VOTED FOR THE UN RESOLUTION APPEALING TO THE SOVIET UNION TO CALL OFF THE SUPERBOMB TEST.

P1241PES

NEW DELHI, INDIA, NOV. 3 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NEHRU SAID TODAY ON DEPARTURE FOR THE UNITED STATES HE IS LOOKING FORWARD TO THE OPPORTUNITY OF CONFERRING WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY. HE TOLD NEWSMEN AT THE AIRPORT: A134

"SO FAR AS WE ARE CONCERNED, WE HAVE NO DIRECT PROBLEMS WITH THE UNITED STATES, BUT WE ARE INTERESTED IN OTHER MAJOR PROBLEMS. THIS WILL HELP US BOTH UNDERSTAND EACH OTHER'S VIEWPOINT."

REFERRING TO THE INDIAN RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE UNITED NATIONS ON THE STOPPAGE OF NUCLEAR TESTS, THE PRIME MINISTER SAID:

"I AM GLAD IT HAS BEEN PASSED. I NEVER HAVE BEEN ABLE TO UNDERSTAND WHY SOME PEOPLE SUSPECT THAT SOMETHING IS NOT RIGHT BEHIND THAT RESOLUTION.

"THE RESOLUTION IS NOT IN PLACE OF A TREATY; IT IS A WAY TO A TREATY. A TREATY IS ESSENTIAL. A SAFEGUARD IS ESSENTIAL. INSPECTION AND ALL THAT IS ALSO ESSENTIAL. BUT WHILE THEY DISCUSS THIS TREATY IT IS A FIRST STEP. WE THINK WHETHER THEY STOP IT OR NOT IS ANOTHER MATTER, BUT THE TWO ARE COMPLEMENTARY TO EACH OTHER."

P1035AES

A146 1961

(150)

NEW YORK, NOV. 3 (AP)-A NUCLEAR PHYSICIST PREDICTED TONIGHT THAT "THERE WILL BE TENS OF THOUSANDS OF CASUALTIES" AS A RESULT OF FALLOUT FROM THE CURRENT SERIES OF SOVIET NUCLEAR BOMB TESTS. BUT HE CONCEDED THERE ARE "EMINENT SCIENTISTS WHO DISAGREE."

DR. RALPH LAPP, A NONGOVERNMENT SCIENTIST, MADE THE STATEMENTS ON TELEVISION IN REPLY TO A QUESTION WHETHER PEOPLE OF THE PRESENT GENERATION MAY DIE OF CANCER AND UNBORN CHILDREN MAY BE DEFORMED BECAUSE OF FALLOUT FROM THE TESTS.

HE SAID HE WAS OF THAT OPINION BUT THERE HAVE BEEN NO DEFINITIVE EXPERIMENTS CONCERNING SUCH AN EFFECT OF RADIOACTIVITY.

HE WAS INTERVIEWED BY ROBERT PIERPOINT ON THE CBS "EYEWITNESS" TELEVISION PRESENTATION, "THE SHADOW OF THE BOMB."

DELAYED FALLOUT FROM THE TESTS, LAPP SAID, WILL RESULT NEXT SPRING IN RADIOACTIVITY "DOUBLE AND TRIPLE WHAT WE HAVE EVER EXPERIENCED BEFORE." IN AN ATMOSPHERIC TEST MUCH OF THE FALLOUT IS HURLED INTO THE STRATOSPHERE AND DOES NOT REACH EARTH FOR SOME TIME.

"WHEN THIS COMES DOWN IT WILL COME INTO THE FOOD SUPPLY, IT WILL COME IN THE MILK AND IT WILL COME IN GRAIN," LAPP SAID.

JC1008PES

A109 (250)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV.3 (AP)-U.S. AND BRITISH SPOKESMEN REITERATED TODAY THAT THEIR GOVERNMENTS ARE WILLING TO RESUME IMMEDIATELY NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN.

BUT THEY INSISTED AGAIN THAT ANY TREATY FOR A TEST BAN MUST CONTAIN PROVISIONS FOR INSPECTION AND VERIFICATION.

ARTHUR H.DEAN, WHO WAS THE U.N. NEGOTIATOR AT GENEVA ON NUCLEAR TESTING BANS, AND JOSEPH B.GODBER, BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS, SPOKE IN SUPPORT OF THE U.S.-BRITISH RESOLUTION BEFORE THE 103-NATION MAIN POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE BY A 50-0 VOTE WITH 25 ABSTENTIONS AGREED TO INTERRUPT THE GENERAL DEBATE ON ALL ITEMS RELATING TO NUCLEAR TESTING AND TAKE UP THE SPECIFIC RESOLUTION. THE COMMITTEE PREVIOUSLY HAD REFUSED TO GIVE THE U.S.-BRITISH RESOLUTION ANY PRIORITY.

THE RESOLUTION CALLS FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO RECOGNIZE THAT ONLY AN EFFECTIVE AND IMPARTIAL SYSTEM OF VERIFICATION WOULD GUARANTEE PERMANENT CESSATION OF TESTING.

IT URGES THE GENEVA CONFERENCE TO RENEW ITS EFFORTS AT ONCE TO AGREE ON A TREATY WITH A CONTROL SYSTEM THAT RULES OUT SELF-INSPECTION AND ANY VETO ON DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONS. IT ALSO RULES OUT ANY TROIKA IDEA OF ADMINISTRATION.

DEAN SUGGESTED THAT THE POLICY FUNCTION SHOULD BE DIRECTED BY A COMMITTEE REPRESENTING ALL PARTIES TO A TREATY, WITH FOUR FROM THE WEST, FOUR FROM THE SOVIET UNION AND THREE FROM THE NONALIGNED COUNTRIES--THE COMMISSION TO LAY DOWN POLICIES FOR AN IMPARTIAL ADMINISTRATOR.

GODBER EMPHASIZED THAT ALL NUCLEAR TESTS MUST BE HALTED AND SAID BRITAIN WOULD ACCEPT INSPECTION AND CONTROL. HE SAID HE HOPED THE SOVIET UNION WOULD DO LIKEWISE.

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A41AX (BJT)

AMS BUDGET (400)
NUCLEAR TESTING
BY BEN MCCARTY

JACKSON, MISS., NOV. 3 (AP)-NUCLEAR PHYSICIST A. D. SUTTLE JR. TOLD PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY THE LARGE U.S. NUCLEAR BOMBS, 6 TO 10 TIMES CLEANER THAN RUSSIA'S, COULD BE TESTED WITHOUT ANY REAL FALLOUT THREAT. 1961

HE URGED KENNEDY IN A TELEGRAM TO PUSH ATMOSPHERIC TESTING TO PROTECT THE NATION AND DEVELOP A CLEANER BOMB FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES.

SUTTLE SAID SOME OF THE NUCLEAR BOMBS IN THE U.S. STOCKPILE WERE 95 PER CENT FREE OF MATERIALS THAT PRODUCE RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT.

SUTTLE IS DIRECTOR OF THE MISSISSIPPI INDUSTRIAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL RESEARCH COMMISSION, SET UP IN 1960 TO CONDUCT TECHNOLOGICAL AND ECONOMIC RESEARCH TO PROMOTE THE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE STATE.

THE SCIENTIST SAID THE RATE OF FALLOUT OF TESTS CONDUCTED NEAR THE EQUATOR WAS MUCH LESS THAN BLASTS NEAR THE POLAR CAP.

IF THE UNITED STATES TESTED IN THE PACIFIC ZONE, HE SAID, MUCH MORE OF THE LIMITED FALLOUT WOULD DECAY IN THE UPPER ATMOSPHERE BEFORE THE POPULATION WAS EXPOSED.

KENNEDY SAID IN HIS STATEMENT YESTERDAY THE UNITED STATES WAS PREPARING FOR POSSIBLE ATMOSPHERIC TESTING FOR FREE WORLD SECURITY AND THE FALLOUT WOULD BE HELD "TO AN ABSOLUTE MINIMUM."

SUTTLE SAID IT WAS THE POLICY OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND ITS CONTRACTORS TO DEVELOP CLEANER EXPLOSIVES FOR LOW COST ENERGY. HE SAID MORE TESTING WAS NECESSARY FOR THIS.

"IT IS MY SINCERE HOPE THAT THE ADMINISTRATION NOT ONLY WILL ALLOW, BUT ENCOURAGE THESE DEVELOPMENTS OF CLEAN EXPLOSIVES," HE SAID.

"THEY NOT ONLY HAVE TREMENDOUS MILITARY IMPORTANCE, BUT ALSO OFFER UNLIMITED QUANTITIES OF VERY LOW COST ENERGY THAT CAN BE SAFELY USED FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES."

SUTTLE SAID CONSIDERING PRESENT U.S. TECHNOLOGY AND ALLOWING FOR NO IMPROVEMENT BY TESTING, THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE TO SHOOT FROM 6 TO 10 TIMES THE AMOUNT OF EXPLOSIVES THE RUSSIANS HAVE FIRED TO EQUAL THEIR RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT.

"CONSIDERING THE ADVANCED STATE OF TECHNOLOGY AND THE LOCATION OF U.S. TESTS, I FEEL U.S. ATMOSPHERIC SHOTS WOULD NOT MATERIALLY ALTER THE FALLOUT BURDEN OF THE ATMOSPHERE," HE SAID.

THE NUCLEAR EXPERT SAID SHOULD THE UNITED STATES, CONTRARY TO ITS PRESENT POLICIES, FIRE A 100-MEGATON DEVICE IT PROBABLY WOULD CONTAIN

30.24-2159

ONLY 5 MEGATONS OF FALLOUT PRODUCING DEBRIS.
"THE RECENT RUSSIAN EXPLOSION RELEASED AN ESTIMATED 40 MEGATONS," HE SAID.
SUTTLE SAID FISSION MATERIALS COST ABOUT $11,150 PER POUND AND FUSIONABLE MATERIALS COST ONLY $150 PER POUND.
"WE CAN SEE," HE SAID, "THE RUSSIANS ARE PREPARED TO PAY A HIGH PRICE TO CONDUCT THEIR TEST PROGRAM AND ARE RELATIVELY INDIFFERENT TO IMPROVING THEIR TECHNOLOGY FOR ECONOMIC AND PEACEFUL PURPOSES.
"THE FISSIONABLE FUEL IN THE LARGE RUSSIAN DEVICE PROBABLY EXCEEDED $33 MILLION."
THE AEC, HE SAID, CAN SUPPLY CLEAN 1-MEGATON BOMBS FOR ABOUT $1 KILLION, 5-10 MEGATONS FOR $2 MILLION AND MUCH LARGER DEVICES FOR LITTLE MORE.

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A138WX

U R G E N T

FALLOUT (WITH WIREPHOTO MAP)

WASHINGTON, NOV. 3 (AP)-THE RADIOACTIVE CLOUD FROM RUSSIA'S BIG OCT. 30 BOMB BLAST IS SPEEDING EASTWARD ACROSS SOUTHERN CANADA, THE WEATHER BUREAU REPORTED TODAY.
ROBERT LIST, CHIEF OF THE BUREAU'S ATMOSPHERIC RADIOACTIVITY RESEARCH PROJECT, SAID THE CLOUD IS MOVING BETWEEN 60 AND 70 MILES AN HOUR.
HE WOULD NOT MAKE ANY PREDICTION TODAY AS TO WHETHER THE INVISIBLE CONCENTRATION OF DEBRIS FROM THE EXPOSION WOULD BRUSH ANY NORTHERN STATES.
THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE REPORTED THAT SANTA FE, N.M., HAD THE HIGHEST LEVEL OF RADIO ACTIVITY IN THE AIR--22 MICROMICROCURIES PER CUBIC METER--MEASURED IN THIS COUNTRY YESTERDAY THIS WAS MORE THAN FIVE TIMES AS HIGH AS THE READING OF 4 THERE WEDNESDAY BUT WAS BELOW TWO OF LAST MONTH'S READINGS. THE HIGHEST LEVEL RECORDED FOR SANTA FE SINCE RUSSIA RESUMED NUCLEAR TESTING WAS 34.5 ON SEPT. 25.
THE SERVICE SAID LEVELS RECORDED SINCE RESUMPTION OF THE SOVIET TESTING DO NOT WARRANT UNDUE PUBLIC CONCERN.
JACKSONVILLE, FLA. HAD A READING OF ONLY 3.96 YESTERDAY AFTER BEING HIGH FOR THE NATION WITH 16.7 ON WEDNESDAY.
IN ALASKA, THE LEVEL AT KODIAK YESTERDAY WAS 2.59, DOWN FROM 5.37 WEDNESDAY, BUT THERE WERE INCREASES AT ANCHORAGE, TO 3.83 FROM 2.15, AND AT FAIRBANKS, TO 1.9 FROM 0.5.

JK107PES

A115 (930)
ADVANCE FOR PMS OF FRIDAY, NOV. 3

FALLOUT: FEARS AND FACTS III: THE BAD ACTORS

EDITOR'S NOTE--THREE RADIOACTIVE SUBSTANCES IN PARTICULAR NEED CAREFUL WATCHING AS FALLOUT FROM NUCLEAR TESTING INCREASES. BUT AT THIS POINT, THEIR DISTRIBUTION APPEARS WELL BELOW THE IMMEDIATE DANGER LEVEL TO HUMAN HEALTH. LAST OF THREE ARTICLES.

BY ALTON BLAKESLEE
ASSOCIATED PRESS SCIENCE WRITER
(ADVANCE)..NEW YORK, NOV. 3 (AP)-THE MAIN BAD ACTOR ATOMS IN BOMB TEST FALLOUT ARE STRONTIUM, IODINE AND CESIUM.
RUSSIA'S GIGANTIC 50-MEGATON BOMB SHOT ANOTHER DOSE OF THEM INTO THE AIR, FOR WINDS TO BLOW ABOUT AND FOR RAINS AND SNOW TO BRING DRIFTING DOWN ON PEOPLE AROUND THE WORLD.
IS THIS A CAUSE OF SERIOUS CONCERN FOR AMERICANS?
NO, AT LEAST NOT YET, SAYS THE U. S. PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE WHICH IS KEEPING A SUPERCAUTIOUS EYE ON FALLOUT. EXPERTS MEETING LAST WEEK SAID THEY DID NOT FORESEE ONY NEED FOR PROTECTIVE ACTION EVEN IF THE SOVIETS WENT AHEAD WITH THEIR HUGE EXPLOSION.
THE WATCH IS MAINTAINED BECAUSE FALLOUT ATOMS ARE POTENTIALLY (ALL CAPS) A HAZARD, ESPECIALLY IF QUIRKS OF WIND AND WEATHER MAKE SOME LOCALITIES "HOTTER" THAN OTHERS.
THE TEST FALLOUT COMING FROM GREAT DISTANCE IS OF POSSIBLE CONCERN ONLY IF IT GETS INSIDE THE BODY.
THE TROUBLE WITH STRONTIUM-90 IS THAT IT CONCENTRATES IN BONES, WHILE IODINE CONCENTRATES IN THE THYROID GLAND. TOO MUCH OF THESE ATOMS MIGHT CAUSE CANCERS OF THE BONE OR THYROID, OR LEUKEMIA.
CESIUM-137 BECOMES GENERALLY DISTRIBUTED THROUGH THE BODY, INCLUDING SEX GLANDS, WHERE IT MIGHT CAUSE GENETIC CHANGES.
HOW MUCH IS TOO MUCH FOR HUMANS? NO ONE CAN ANSWER THIS, BECAUSE NO ONE IS SURE HOW LITTLE (ALL CAPS) RADIATION IT TAKES TO CAUSE HARMFUL EFFECTS ON THE HUMAN BODY.
SO, TO PLAY IT SAFE, INTERNATIONAL AND U. S. EXPERTS HAVE SET EXTREMELY LOW MAXIMUM DOSES FOR DAILY INTAKE BY HUMANS.
THEY THINK THESE TINY AMOUNTS WOULD BE TOLERABLE WITHOUT HARM. THEY CAN'T PROVE IT. THEY DO KNOW THAT FALLOUT FROM TESTS SO FAR HASN'T GONE ABOVE THESE LIMITS.
THESE LIMITS, AS IN THE CASE OF STRONTIUM-90 FOR EXAMPLE, ARE AT LEAST 100 TIMES LESS THAN THE AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM REQUIRED TO PRODUCE BONE CANCERS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS.
JUST HOW MUCH OF THE BAD ACTOR ATOMS WERE CREATED BY RUSSIA'S MONSTER BOMBS, AND ALL ITS CURRENT TESTS, HAS NOT BEEN MADE PUBLIC. REASON: THE SOVIETS, AS WELL AS U. S. BOMB TESTERS IN THE PAST, HAVE NOT DIVULGED THE MAKEUP OF THE BOMBS.
THE H-BOMB OR FUSION REACTION ITSELF DOES NOT CREATE ANY STRONTIUM, CESIUM, OR IODINE. THESE COME FROM THE A-BOMB OR FISSION REACTION IN THE BOMB. AND THE A-BOMB REACTION IS NEEDED TO PRODUCE THE HEAT AND PRESSURE TO MAKE THE HYDROGEN ATOMS FUSE.

A GENERAL ASSUMPTION IS THAT HALF THE ENERGY IN AN H-BOMB COMES FROM FISSION. THIS ESTIMATE COULD BE FAR OFF, IF THE BIG SOVIET H-BOMB WAS "CLEAN"--THAT IS, DERIVING MUCH LESS THAN HALF ITS TOTAL ENERGY FROM FISSION.
ONE ESTIMATE IS THAT EACH MEGATON OF FISSION ENERGY PRODUCES 110 POUNDS OF BY-PRODUCT FISSION ATOMS. SO A 50-MEGATON BOMB, GETTING 25 MEGATONS OF ENERGY YIELD FROM FISSION, WOULD PRODUCE 2,750 POUNDS OF SOME 200 KINDS OF RADIOACTIVE ATOMS AT THE OUTSET.
MOST OF THESE "DIE" VERY QUICKLY, AND SO DON'T TRAVEL FAR.
BUT STRONTIUM-90 AND CESIUM-137 REMAIN RADIOACTIVE FOR MANY YEARS. IT TAKES ABOUT 27 YEARS FOR HALF THE ORIGINAL AMOUNT TO DISAPPEAR. IF TAKEN IN FOOD, THESE ATOMS CAN REMAIN ACTIVE IN THE BODY, EMITTING POTENTIALLY DAMAGING RAYS, FOR A LONG TIME.
IODINE-131 HAS A HALF-LIFE OF EIGHT DAYS. HALF OF IT BECOMES HARMLESS IN EIGHT DAYS. IN ANOTHER EIGHT DAYS, ONLY ONE-QUARTER OF THE ORIGINAL AMOUNT REMAINS.
IF MILK BECAME CONTAMINATED WITH IODINE, KEEPING IT REFRIGERATED FOR A MONTH WOULD MAKE IT SAFE TO DRINK, DR. JAMES TERRILL OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE POINTS OUT.
FROM ALL BOMB TESTS THROUGH 1958, THE ACTUAL AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM-90 IN CHILDREN'S BONES, ON THE AVERAGE, WAS ABOUT 26 TIMES LESS THAN THE AMOUNT DEEMED TO BE HARMLESS IF IT IS IN BONES. ALL THE SOVIET TESTS MIGHT DOUBLE THIS--AND IT WOULD STILL BE ABOUT 13 TIMES LESS THAN THE ESTIMATED "SAFE" AMOUNT.
FALLOUT FROM TESTS CAN PRODUCE TEMPORARY AND SOMETIMES BIG JUMPS IN THE AMOUNT OF RADIATION, AND THE TYPES OF ATOMS, IN VARIOUS LOCALITIES.

LOCATIONS.

AS A GUIDE FOR PROTECTION, THE FEDERAL RADIATION COUNCIL HAS SET LIMITS ON THE DAILY (ALL CAPS) INTAKE OVER AN ENTIRE YEAR, AS MEASURED IN MICROMICROCURIES OF ACTIVITY.

FOR STRONTIUM-90, THIS RANGES FROM 200 TO 2,000, AND FOR IODINE FROM 100 TO 1,000. A MICROMICROCURIE IS ONE MILLIONTH OF ONE MILLIONTH OF A CURIE, WITH A CURIE BEING EQUIVALENT TO THE RADIOACTIVITY IN ONE GRAM (1/28TH OF AN OUNCE) OF RADIUM.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE IS KEEPING A DAILY WATCH ON RADIOACTIVITY IN THE AIR, WATER AND MILK, AND SOME FOODS, TO DETECT ANY DANGEROUS INCREASES.

IF LIMITS ARE APPROACHED OR EXCEEDED, THEN SOME ACTIONS CAN BE TAKEN TO PROTECT PEOPLE.

FOR MILK, SWITCHING TO CANNED OR POWDERED MILK--WHICH HAD BEEN ON THE SHELF LONG ENOUGH--OR LETTING FRESH MILK SIT A WHILE, COULD REMOVE THE DANGER FROM IODINE.

WASHING FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES CAREFULLY COULD REMOVE FALLOUT ATOMS.

IF CERTAIN CROPS WERE FOUND TO BE RELATIVELY HIGH IN STRONTIUM, THEY COULD BE AVOIDED AS HUMAN FOOD. COWS COULD BE FED FORAGE WHICH HAD BEEN STORED INSIDE BARNS OR SILOS, AND HENCE NOT TOUCHED BY FALLOUT.

RESEARCH PROMISES ULTIMATELY SOME WAYS OF DEALING WITH STRONTIUM HAZARDS IN FOOD.

WHAT WORRIES MANY HEALTH OFFICIALS IS THAT MANY PEOPLE--OUT OF PANIC--MIGHT GIVE UP DRINKING ANY MILK, OR AVOID ESSENTIAL FOODS, BECAUSE THEY FEARED IT WAS CONTAMINATED WITH TOO MUCH RADIOACTIVITY. THAT KIND OF WHOLESALE AVOIDANCE OF ESSENTIAL FOODS COULD DO FAR MORE HARM THAN INFINITESIMAL AMOUNTS OF RADIOACTIVITY WHICH WERE BELOW THE "MAXIMUMS" NOW BEING OBSERVED.

SAID THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE LAST WEEK:

"THE RADIATION CAUSED BY THE SOVIET TESTS WILL ADD TO THE RISKS OF GENETIC EFFECTS IN SUCCEEDING GENERATIONS, AND POSSIBLY TO THE RISK OF HEALTH DAMAGE TO SOME PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES."

"AT PRESENT RADIATION LEVELS, AND EVEN AT SOMEWHAT HIGHER LEVELS, THE ADDITIONAL RISK IS SLIGHT, AND VERY FEW PEOPLE WILL BE AFFECTED."

END ADVANCE FOR PMS FRIDAY NOV. 3..SENT OCT. 31.

JS952AES

RADIATION-PRIMER

BGWX

BY W. B. RAGSDALE JR.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 3 (AP)-"FALLOUT" ITSELF IS A SIMPLE WORD. PRACTICALLY EVERYONE KNOWS WHAT IT STANDS FOR BY NOW.

BUT FALLOUT ISN'T ENOUGH--MORE WORDS ARE NEEDED TO EXPLAIN THE PROBLEM. AND THIS IS A PROBLEM IN ITSELF.

IT'S DIFFICULT, IF NOT IMPOSSIBLE, TO EXPLAIN AND EVALUATE RADIATION IN EVERYDAY WORDS.

FOR EXAMPLE, MICROMICROCURIES, ROENTGENS AND STRONTIUM-90 ARE AMONG THE PUZZLERS IN ACCOUNTS OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS AND FALLOUT DRIFT.

IF YOU'RE CONFUSED, DON'T FEEL ALONE.

"THIS SUBJECT IS SO TECHNICAL THAT EVEN OUR PROFESSIONAL PEOPLE WHO ARE NOT SPECIALISTS HAVE DIFFICULTY IN UNDERSTANDING WHAT THESE RADIATION PEOPLE ARE TALKING ABOUT," DR. JOHN PORTERFIELD, DEPUTY SURGEON GENERAL, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE LAST WEEK. HE ADDED:

"AS SOON AS WE FIND A SIMPLE FORMULA TO EXPLAIN IT TO OUR OWN PEOPLE, THEN WE'LL HAVE SOMETHING FOR THE PUBLIC."

IT IS POSSIBLE, HOWEVER, TO EXPLAIN A FEW FUNDAMENTALS.

THESE ARE THREE TYPES OF RADIATION--ALPHA, BETA AND GAMMA. GAMMA IS THE ONE WE KNOW MOST ABOUT. ITS THE KIND NUCLEAR PHYSICISTS BUILD HEAVY CONCRETE WALLS AND LEAD SHIELDS TO PROTECT AGAINST.

GAMMA RAYS ARE MUCH LIKE X RAYS AND ARE MEASURED IN THE SAME WAY--WITH ROENTGENS. A ROENTGEN IS A UNIT MEASURING OF THE RADIATION ENERGY OF ELECTRODYNAMIC WAVES.

GAMMA RAYS DIFFER FROM X RAYS IN THEIR SOURCE. GAMMA RAYS ARE GIVEN OFF BY RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL. X RAYS ARE CREATED ARTIFICIALLY BY THE REACTION OF HIGH SPEED ELECTRONS AGAINST A TARGET MATERIAL.

A GREAT DEAL IS KNOWN ABOUT THE BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF HEAVY EXPOSURE TO RADIATION FROM ACCIDENTAL CONSUMPTION OF RADIUM, OVEREXPOSURE TO X RAYS, EXPERIMENTS WITH ANIMALS AND STUDY OF THE VICTIMS OF THE ATOM BOMBS DROPPED ON HIROSHIMA AND NAGASAKI.

HOWEVER, VERY LITTLE IS KNOWN ABOUT THE EFFECTS ON ANIMALS OR HUMANS OF VERY LOW OR PROLONGED EXPOSURES, ESPECIALLY TO ALPHA AND BETA RADIATION FROM NATURAL BACKGROUND SOURCES AND FALLOUT FROM DISTANT NUCLEAR TESTS.

ALPHA RAYS ARE A MAJOR CAUSE OF NATURAL BACKGROUND RADIATION. BETA RAYS ARE THE MAIN RADIATION SOURCE IN FALLOUT.

ALPHA AND BETA RAYS ARE SIMILAR. NEITHER HAS THE PENETRATING POWER OF GAMMA RADIATION. THEY TRAVEL IN PARTICLES, INSTEAD OF WAVES OF ENERGY.

30.24-2161

ALPHA AND BETA RADIATION IS MEASURED BY MICROMICROCURIES. A MICROMICROCURIE IS ONE MILLIONTH OF A MILLIONTH OF A CURIE. A CURIE--NAMED FOR PIERRE AND MARIE CURIE WHO DISCOVERED RADIUM IN 1898--IS A MEASURE OF RADIOACTIVITY EQUIVALENT TO THE RADIATION FROM ONE GRAM OF RADIUM.

ALPHA AND BETA RAYS DO THEIR DAMAGE TO HUMANS AND ANIMALS FROM THE INSIDE, HITCHHIKING ABOARD A BITE OF FOOD OR A DRINK OF WATER.

IODINE-131, STRONTIUM-89, STRONTIUM-90 AND CESIUM-137 ARE SOURCES OF BETA RADIATION THAT POSE THE MAIN HEALTH THREAT, ACCORDING TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

SCIENTISTS CAN PREDICT WITH ACCURACY THE RESULTS OF EXPOSURE TO GAMMA RADIATION. THEY ARE RELUCTANT TO SET LIMITS ON ALPHA AND BETA. IN A STATEMENT ON THE SUBJECT LAST WEEK, THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE SAID:

"THE CONSENSUS OF SCIENTIFIC OPINION IS THAT THE MOST PURDENT COURSE IS TO ASSUME THERE IS NO LEVEL OF RADIATION EXPOSURE BELOW WHICH ONE CAN BE ABSOLUTELY CERTAIN THAT HARMFUL EFFECTS MAY NOT OCCUR TO AT LEAST A FEW INDIVIDUALS WHEN SUFFICIENTLY LARGE NUMBERS OF PEOPLE ARE INVOLVED."

1961

SINCE 1956, THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE HAS SYSTEMATICALLY TAKEN AIR SAMPLES IN A FARFLUNG NETWORK OF STATIONS.

AIR SAMPLES ARE TAKEN DURING A 24-HOUR PERIOD. THE AIR IS DRAWN THROUGH A 4-INCH DIAMETER ACTIVATED CARBON IMPREGNATED FILTER AT A RATE OF 30 CUBIC FEET A MINUTE. THE FILTER TRAPS THE FALLOUT PARTICLES.

WHEN THE 24-HOUR RUN IS COMPLETED, THE FILTER IS AGED FOR FIVE HOURS TO PERMIT RADIATION FROM NATURAL SOURCES TO DIE DOWN. A FIELD OPERATOR TAKES A READING WITH A GEIGER COUNTER AND COMPARES IT WITH A STANDARD STRONTIUM-90 SOURCE. THIS IS THE FIGURE THAT IS ANNOUNCED TO THE PUBLIC.

NEXT, THE SAMPLE IS MAILED TO THE RADIOLOGICAL LABORATORY IN ROCKVILLE, MD., FOR MORE DETAILED TESTS. AFTER THESE, EXPERTS CAN ESTIMATE HOW LONG AGO THE BOMB WAS FIRED THAT SENT THE FALLOUT PARTICLE WHIRLING AROUND THE WORLD.

SINCE LAST YEAR, THE SERVICE ALSO HAS BEEN SYSTEMATICALLY SAMPLING MILK IN MAJOR CITIES. A COMPOSITE SAMPLE IS TAKEN EACH MONTH FROM DAIRIES SERVING NOT LESS THAN 90 PER CENT OF THE PEOPLE IN THE COMMUNITY. THESE SAMPLES ARE SENT TO LABORATORIES IN EITHER LAS VEGAS, NEV., OR MONTGOMERY, ALA., FOR ANALYSIS.

WATER ALSO IS EXAMINED FOR RADIOACTIVITY. THIS IS DONE BY THE NATIONAL WATER QUALITY NETWORK IN COOPERATION WITH STATE AND LOCAL HEALTH OFFICIALS. THIS WAS BEGUN IN 1957 PRIMARILY TO INSURE WATER PURITY.

1961

THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ALSO PERIODICALLY TESTS WHEAT, VARIOUS GRAINS, LEAFY VEGETABLES AND OTHER ITEMS FOR RADIATION.

JC/PE/PB337AES

A65 (250)

OTTAWA, NOV. 3 (AP)-CHARLES B.LIMBRICK, A CANADIAN MISSILE AND RADAR EXPERT, SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES THE SOVIET UNION HAS PERFECTED AN ANTIRADIATION DRUG.

HE SAID THAT IN SUCH CIRCUMSTANCES RUSSIA CAN DETONATE MANY MORE NUCLEAR BOMBS, LURE THE WEST INTO TESTING ITS OWN NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND "CAN WAIT A LONG WHILE FOR RESULTS."

LIMBRICK IS A FORMER DIRECTOR OF RADIO WARFARE IN THE CANADIAN AIR FORCE, WHERE HE SERVED AS A GROUP CAPTAIN. HE TOLD A REPORTER THAT WESTERN NATIONS FOR SOME YEARS HAVE KNOWN THAT RUSSIA WAS "ON THE TRACK OF A CHEMICAL PILL OR SUBSTANCE TO OFFSET MOST OF RADIATION SICKNESS EFFECTS."

"IN MY OPINION," HE ADDED, RUSSIA NOW HAS A MEDICAL COUNTER TO RADIATION.

"OBVIOUSLY, RUSSIA IS NOT WORRIED ABOUT CONTAMINATION, LIMBRICK SAID. IT HAS SET OFF AT LEAST 30 NUCLEAR BOMBS SINCE SEPT.1.

LIMBRICK SAID HE WAS TOLD IN EUROPE LAST YEAR THE U.S.S.R. WAS "CLOSE TO SUCCESS" IN ITS SEARCH FOR AN ANTIDOTE FOR RADIATION POISONING. HE DID NOT IDENTIFY HIS INFORMANT BUT INDICATED HIS SOURCE WAS A WESTERN OFFICIAL ASSOCIATED WITH BIOLOGICAL RESEARCH.

HE SAID IT WAS KNOWN FIVE YEARS AGO THAT RUSSIA WAS A "GOOD DEAL" AHEAD OF THE WEST IN THE BIOLOGICAL ASPECTS OF RADIATION SICKNESS.

"RUSSIA WILL NOT ONLY LET OFF MANY FALLOUT-PRODUCING BOMBS, SOME VERY LARGE, BUT ALSO BY THE SAME ACTION INDUCE THE UNITED STATES, UNITED KINGDOM AND FRANCE ALSO TO RELEASE FALLOUT. THE RUSSIANS CAN WAIT A LONG WHILE FOR RESULTS.

BIOLOGISTS AT THE CANADIAN ATOMIC CENTER AT CHALK RIVER, ONT., HAVE EXPERIMENTED WITH A DRUG WHICH MAY HELP TO PROTECT MAN AGAINST ATOMIC RADIATION. RESEARCH WITH RATS INDICATED THAT THE DRUG--PARATHORMONE--PROVIDES PROTECTION WHEN IT IS INJECTED BEFORE EXPOSURE TO RADIOACTIVITY AND TO A LESSER DEGREE AFTER IRRADIATION.

THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IS INVESTIGATING THE POSSIBILITY OF GIVING PEOPLE ANTIRADIO-STRONTIUM PILLS IN THE EVENT OF A NUCLEAR ATTACK.

PSAOPES

A62AX

NIGHT LEAD POLARIS (240)

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., NOV. 3 (AP)-OPERATING WITH ALMOST SPLIT-SECOND PRECISION, THE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE ETHAN ALLEN SUCCESSFULLY LAUNCHED THREE ADVANCED POLARIS MISSILES FROM BENEATH THE ATLANTIC OCEAN IN LESS THAN THREE HOURS TODAY.

THE STUBBY ROCKETS RODE COLUMNS OF COMPRESSED AIR TO THE SURFACE AT 9:02 A.M., 10:30 A.M. AND NOON (EST). THE FIRST STAGE ENGINES IGNITED ABOVE THE WATER AND THE SECOND STAGES FIRED A MINUTE LATER TO PROPEL THE NOSE CONES MORE THAN 1,500 MILES TO A TARGET AREA NEAR THE WEST INDIES ISLAND OF ANTIGUA.

THE FIRST ROCKET BLASTED OFF TWO MINUTES BEHIND ITS PLANNED SCHEDULE. THE SECOND AND THIRD SCOOTED SKYWARD RIGHT ON TIME. THE FIRINGS WERE CONDUCTED NEAR GRAND BAHAMA ISLAND, ABOUT 300 MILES SOUTHEAST OF CAPE CANAVERAL.

THIS LEAVES THE ETHAN ALLEN, NEWEST AND LARGEST OF THE POLARIS SUBMARINES, WITH AN UNTARNISHED FIVE-FOR-FIVE LAUNCHING RECORD SINCE ITS ARRIVAL LAST MONTH TO TEST THE LONGER-RANGE A2 POLARIS.

THE ALLEN'S FIRST SUCCESS WAAS WITH THE EARLIER A1 ROCKET, WHICH IS OPERATIONAL AND ON PATROL WITH FIVE SUBMARINES. ALL LAUNCHINGS SINCE WERE OF THE 1,725-MILE A2, WHICH HAS 400-MILE GREATER REACH THAN THE A1.

THE IMPROVED MISSILE PREVIOUSLY RACKED UP A GOOD SUCCESS MARK IN LAND PAD AND SURFACE SHIP TESTS.

THE NAVY PLANS SEVERAL MORE FIRINGS OF THE LOCKHEED-MADE A2 FROM THE ETHAN ALLEN BEFORE THE INTENDED OPERATIONAL DATE OF EARLY 1962.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TODAY STUCK TO A POLICY OF NOT ANNOUNCING LAUNCHINGS OF MISSILES CONDUCTED "AWAY FROM PUBLIC VIEW." INFORMED SOURCES REPORTED SUCCESS OF THE TESTS.

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A110 (140)

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., NOV.3 (AP)-THE NUCLEAR-POWERED AIRCRAFT CARRIER ENTERPRISE RETURNED TODAY WITH A GIANT BROOM AT HER MASTHEAD, SIGNIFYING A CLEAN SWEEP OF HER NAVY ACCEPTANCE TRIALS IN THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.

OFFICIALS OF THE NAVY AND THE NEWPORT NEWS SHIPBUILDING AND DRYDOCK CO. SAID THE WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP MET AND SURPASSED ALL THE TESTS REQUIRED OF HER DURING THE LAST SIX DAYS.

THE ENTERPRISE WILL BE READY FOR COMMISSIONING AND DELIVERY NOV. 25, SAID REAR ADM. F. B. SCHULTZ, ASSISTANT CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF SHIPS FOR DESIGN, SHIPBUILDING AND FLEET MAINTENANCE.

THE ENTERPRISE IS POWERED BY EIGHT NUCLEAR REACTORS WHICH IN COMBINATION FORM THE WORLD'S MOST POWERFUL ATOMIC POWER PLANT.

THE 1,101-FOOT LONG SHIP WILL BE ABLE TO SAIL AROUND THE WORLD 20 TIMES AT SPEED OF BETTER THAN 35 MILES PER HOUR WITHOUT REFUELING. SHE IS 252 FEET WIDE AND HAS A DISPLACEMENT OF MORE THAN 85,000 TONS. HER HEIGHT FROM KEEL TO MAST-TOP IS MORE THAN THAT OF A 25-STORY BUILDING.

JB/JG833PES

A38

AMS BUDGET (480)

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN

BY CARL HARTMAN

BERLIN, NOV. 3 (AP)-WALTER ULBRICHT, COMMUNIST LEADER IN EAST GERMANY, CAME BACK FROM MOSCOW TODAY INSISTING HE WANTS RECOGNITION FROM THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER WESTERN POWERS FOR HIS SATELLITE REGIME.

BUT HIS SHORT AIRPORT SPEECH WAS PEACEFUL IN TONE. HE DID NOT SAY, AS HE HAS IN THE PAST, THAT HE WOULD GET WHAT HE WANTS BY SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH SOVIET RUSSIA BY THE END OF THE YEAR. SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HAS LIFTED THAT PARTICULAR DEADLINE.

(KHRUSHCHEV WAS QUOTED IN MOSCOW AS SAYING HE WANTS NEGOTIATIONS ON BERLIN AND "WE UNDERSTAND THAT NEGOTIATIONS MEAN NOT ONLY GETTING BUT GIVING." GIUSEPPE CODACCI PISANELLI, ITALIAN MINISTER WITHOUT PORTFOLIO AND PRESIDENT OF THE INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION, QUOTED THE REMARK AFTER SEEING KHRUSHCHEV A LITTLE OVER AN HOUR. HE HAS A SIMILAR APPOINTMENT WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK.)

UBBRICHT ALSO SAID TALKS BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND MOSCOW HAD SHOWN THAT NEGOTIATIONS FOR A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT ON BERLIN AND GERMANY ARE POSSIBLE.

BUT HE OUTLINED A SETTLEMENT THAT THE WEST ALREADY HAS REFUSED.

"WE ARE," SAID ULBRICHT, "FOR A STEP-BY-STEP REDUCTION OF WESTERN TROOPS AND FOR THE REGULATION OF THE USE OF ACCESS ROUTES OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC IN ACCORDANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL LAW, THROUGH AGREEMENTS BETWEEN IT AND THE COUNTRIES CONCERNED, AS WELL AS WITH THE NEUTRAL AND INDEPENDENT CITY OF WEST BERLIN."

IN THAT ONE SENTENCE ULBRICHT PACKED A WHOLE SERIES OF COMMUNIST PROPOSALS THAT THE WEST HAS REJECTED: CREATION OF A "FREE CITY OF WEST BERLIN," RECOGNITION OF ULBRICHT'S GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC; ACCEPTANCE BY THE WEST OF ITS AUTHORITY OVER LAND, WATER AND AIR ROUTES BETWEEN ISOLATED WEST BERLIN AND THE OUTSIDE WORLD.

MEANWHILE, WORKMEN IN EAST BERLIN WERE TAKING STEPS TO PLUG THE SEWERS TO PREVENT EAST GERMANS FROM ESCAPING TO THE WEST. THEY EVEN WERE TRYING TO PREVENT EAST AND WEST BERLINERS FROM WAVING TO EACH OTHER.

WEST BERLIN POLICE SAID THEY SAW WORKERS EAST OF THE BORDER CLIMBING DOWN MANHOLES TO FIT STEEL BARS IN THE SEWAGE TUNNELS. MANY FROM EAST BERLIN HAVE USED THE SEWERS TO ESCAPE TO THE WEST.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR CONCRETE AND WIRE BARRIERS, THE COMMUNISTS BEGAN BUILDING A FIBRE BOARD WALL AT THE CORNER OF ACKERSTREASSE AND BERNAUERSTRASSE. UNABLE TO TELEPHONE FRIENDS IN EAST BERLIN, WEST BERLINERS BUILT A LITTLE PLATFORM THERE WHERE PEOPLE COULD WAVE AND EVEN SHOUT GREETINGS ACROSS THE BORDER. THE FIBRE BOARD WALL APPARENTLY WILL STOP THAT.

ULBRICHT, WELL-KNOWN AS AN ADMIRER OF STALIN, HAD NOTHING TO SAY ABOUT THE REMOVAL OF THE LATE DICTATOR FROM HIS TOMB OF HONOR. IN HIS ADDRESS AT SCHOENFELD AIRPORT UPON HIS RETURN FROM THE MOSCOW PARTY CONGRESS, HE SAID HE AND THE RUSSIANS AGREED ON THE NEED FOR A PEACE TREATY--BUT DID NOT SAY WHEN.

THE NEXT THING, HE WENT ON, IS TO GET AGREEMENTS BETWEEN SOVIET RUSSIA ON ONE SIDE AND THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE ON THE OTHER TO PUT AN END TO THE REMAINS OF THE WAR IN GERMANY--"ESPECIALLY IN WEST BERLIN."

HE TOOK NO ACCOUNT OF THE WESTERN POSITION THAT ALL OF BERLIN--EAST AND WEST--IS UNDER THE RULE OF THE FOUR VICTORIOUS POWERS OF WORLD WAR II. THIS STAND WAS AT THE CENTER OF THE CRISIS LAST WEEKEND, WHEN AMERICAN AND SOVIET TANKS FACED EACH OTHER AT A DISTANCE OF 200 YARDS IN BERLIN.

ULBRICHT, WHO WAS IN MOSCOW AT THE TIME, DISMISSED THE FACE-DOWN AS "MILITARY PROVOCATIONS ON THE BORDER." HE DID NOT SAY ANYTHING ABOUT THE TANKS, SOVIET OR AMERICAN.

AS349PES

A130

(140)
MOSCOW, NOV. 3 (AP)-PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TODAY WAS QUOTED BY AN ITALIAN CABINET MINISTER AS EXPRESSING A DESIRE FOR EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS OVER BERLIN AND SAYING, "WE UNDERSTAND THAT NEGOTIATIONS MEAN NOT ONLY GETTING BUT GIVING."

GIUSEPPE CODACCI PISANELLI, ITALIAN MINISTER WITHOUT PORTFOLIO, SAW KHRUSHCHEV IN HIS CAPACITY AS PRESIDENT OF THE INTER-PARLIAMENTARY UNION. PISANELLI HAS A SIMILAR APPOINTMENT WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY IN WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK.

PISANELLI, WHO TALKED TO THE PREMIER ABOUT THE UNION'S MEETING IN BRUSSELS LAST WEEK, TOLD REPORTERS AFTERWARD THAT KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED THE BERLIN SITUATION IS EXTREMELY SERIOUS AND THAT NEGOTIATIONS ARE NECESSARY.

THE ITALIAN OFFICIAL SAID KHRUSHCHEV AT THIS POINT MADE HIS STATEMENT TO THE EFFECT THAT NEGOTIATIONS ARE A TWO-WAY STREET.

A98

VIENNA, NOV.3 (AP)--V. M. MOLOTOV EMERGED FROM SECLUSION TODAY FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS IN MOSCOW CALLED FOR HIS EXPULSION FROM THE PARTY.

STALIN'S LONGTIME ASSOCIATE, WHO NOW IS THE SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE WITHTHE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY, LEFT HIS APARTMENT AFTER SIX DAYS THERE AND DROVE TO THE RUSSIAN EMBASSY.

HE STAYED AT THE EMBASSY ABOUT 15 MINUTES AND AVOIDED NEWSMEN. BUT HIS VISIT TO THE EMBASSY AROUSED SPECULATION HE WOULD RETURN TO MOSCOW SOON.

THE FORMER SOVIET PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER WAS DENOUNCED DURING THE MOSCOW CONGRESS AS THE RINGLEADER OF A SO-CALLED ANTIPARTY GROUP OPPOSING PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICIES. KHRUSHCHEV HAD EXILED HIM TO MONGOLIA AS AMBASSADOR IN 1957 WHEN THE SOVIET PREMIER EMERGED TRIUMPHANT IN THE STRUGGLE FOR POWER.

FS830AES

A110 (160)

ROME, NOV. 3 (AP)-PALMIRO TOGLIATTI WALKED INTO A RECEPTION OF ROTTEN EGGS AND FIREWORKS TODAY AS HE RETURNED FROM THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS IN MOSCOW.

THE 68-YEAR-OLD LEADER OF ITALY'S COMMUNIST PARTY STEPPED DOWN FROM THE ZAGREB-ROME EXPRESS TRAIN TO RECEIVE GREETINGS FROM TOP ITALIAN PARTY MEMBERS. HE SMILED AND BEGAN A LITTLE SPEECH:

"IT WAS A GREAT COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS. IT WILL AFFECT INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. . . ."

TOGLIATTI PALED AS A CANNON CRACKER WENT OFF AT HIS FEET AND THE NOISE RESOUNDED THROUGH THE STATION. HE WAS SHOT BY AN ITALIAN STUDENT IN 1948 AND APPARENTLY THOUGHT HE AGAIN WAS A TARGET OF BULLETS.

STUDENTS STAGING THE BRIEF ASSAULT SHOUTED "VENDUTO A MOSCA"--SOLD OUT TO MOSCOW--THEN RAN.

TOGLIATTI'S TEEN-AGED ADOPTED DAUGHTER, WHO HAD ACCOMPANIED HIM TO MOSCOW, GRABBED HIM AND ANOTHER COMPANION RAN FORWARD TO PROTECT HIM.

ONE ROTTEN EGG STRUCK TOGLIATTI'S SMART GRAY OVERCOAT, BOUNCED OFF AND BROKE AT HIS FEET.

THE STUDENTS RAN BUT POLICE CAUGHT TWO OF THEM.

A88WX

(500) NIGHT LEAD WALKER

BY JERRY T. BAULCH

WASHINGTON, NOV. 3 (AP)-THE ARMY RECEIVED THE RESIGNATION OF MAJ. GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER TODAY, ONE DAY AFTER HIS PLAN TO QUIT WAS ANNOUNCED IN A LENGTHY, BLISTERING COMPLAINT THAT HE WAS BARRED FROM SPEAKING OUT AGAINST THE DANGERS OF COMMUNISM.

INDICATIONS WERE THAT THE CONTROVERSIAL GENERAL WILL BE ALLOWED TO DOFF HIS UNIFORM, BUT THE ARMY SAID AN ANNOUNCEMENT WOULD BE ISSUED WHEN "A DECISION ON THE REQUEST HAS BEEN MADE."

THIS OBVIOUSLY REFERRED TO THE FACT THAT THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY HAS THE RIGHT TO TURN DOWN THE RESIGNATION. OFFICIALS AT THE PENTAGON INDICATED THERE WAS NO PROSPECT OF THIS SINCE WALKER HAS COMPLETED THE NORMAL 30-YEAR SPAN OF A CAREER OFFICER.

THE 51-YEAR-OLD WEST POINTER MADE KNOWN HIS DECISION IN AN 11-PAGE STATEMENT MADE PUBLIC BY A SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE YESTERDAY. HE SAID HE WAS RESIGNING "WITH A HEAVY HEART" BUT "I MUST BE FREE FROM THE POWER OF LITTLE MEN WHO, IN THE NAME OF MY COUNTRY, PUNISH LOYAL SERVICE TO IT."

WALKER WAS ADMONISHED AND STRIPPED OF HIS COMMAND OF THE 24TH INFANTRY DIVISION IN GERMANY AFTER THE ARMY FOUND THAT HE HAD MADE "INFLAMMATORY AND DEROGATORY STATEMENTS" ABOUT PROMINENT AMERICANS AND THAT HE HAD TRIED TO INFLUENCE THE VOTES OF HIS MEN AND THEIR FAMILIES IN THE 1960 CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS.

MOST MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND ARMY OFFICERS WERE CLOSE-LIPPED ABOUT WALKER'S MOVE. BUT SOME SENATORS SAID THEY EXPECT HIM TO TESTIFY AT SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING LATER THIS MONTH INTO CHARGES THAT THE PENTAGON IS MUZZLING THE ANTI-COMMUNIST EFFORTS OF MILITARY MEN.

WALKER SAID THAT IN RESIGNING HE WILL PASS UP THE $12,000-A-YEAR PAY HE COULD RECEIVE AS A RETIRED OFFICER.

THE ARMY'S REFERENCE TO A DECISION ABOUT ACCEPTING THE RESIGNATION APPEARED TO BE MERE CONFORMANCE WITH THE PHRASING OF ARMY REGULATIONS COVERING RESIGNATIONS.

THE REGULATIONS SPELL OUT THE PROCEDURE: ANY OFFICER OF THE ARMY MAY TENDER HIS RESIGNATION WHENEVER HE CONSIDERS SUCH ACTION APPROPRIATE; RESIGNATIONS WILL BE ACCEPTED FROM AN OFFICER WHO HAS FULFILLED REQUIREMENTS, INCLUDING LENGTH OF ACTIVE SERVICE. WALKER COMPLETED 30 YEARS OF SERVICE LAST JUNE.

HOWEVER, THE REGULATIONS ALSO LIST CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE ARMY MAY REFUSE TO ACCEPT A RESIGNATION. NONE OF THEM APPEARS TO APPLY TO WALKER, BUT EACH MUST BE CHECKED BY THE ARMY BEFORE FORMAL ACCEPTANCE IS COMPLETED.

AMONG THE CONDITIONS ARE THOSE IN WHICH AN OFFICER IS UNDER INVESTIGATION, UNDER CHARGES OR AWAITING RESULT OF TRIAL. THE INVESTIGATION OF WALKER BY THE ARMY WAS COMPLETED SEVERAL WEEKS AGO. NO CHARGES OF VIOLATION OF REGULATIONS OR THE MILITARY CODE WERE MADE AGAINST HIM AND NO TRIAL ORDERED.

THE OFFICER MAY PROPOSE THE DATE WHEN HIS RESIGNATION BECOMES EFFECTIVE, BUT THE ARMY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT THAT DATE OR FIX ITS OWN. CUSTOMARILY, IT ACCEPTS THE DATE REQUESTED BY THE OFFICER.

A SPOKESMAN DECLINED TO SAY WHAT DATE WALKER REQUESTED FOR THE RESIGNATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE.

SEN. JOHN STENNIS, D-MISS., WHO HEADS THE SUBCOMMITTEE WHICH WILL OPEN HEARINGS THIS MONTH, DECLINED TO COMMENT ON WALKER'S ACTION. SO DID OTHER MEMBERS WHO COULD BE REACHED.

HOWEVER, IN A CHICAGO NEWS CONFERENCE, SEN. KARL MUNDT, R-S.D., SAID THE GENERAL "SHOULD NOT BE MUZZLED AS HE IS BEING PRESENTLY MUZZLED."

SEN. EUGENE MCCARTHY, D-MINN., DISAGREED. HE SAID THE MILITARY "IS REALLY A BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT" AND THAT WALKER AS AN OFFICER IN THE MILITARY WAS EXPECTED TO CARRY OUT THE POLICIES OF HIS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

CR730PES

30.24-2163

NIGHT LEAD SOBLEN

NEW YORK, NOV. 3 (AP)-DR. ROBERT SOBLEN, CNVICTED OF WARTIME SPYING FOR SOVIET RUSSIA AND SENTENCED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT, TODAY LOST HIS APPEAL FOR A NEW TRIAL. B.36

"A NEW TRIAL IS NOT REQUIRED ON THE ASSERTED GROUNDS OF NEWLY DISCOVERED EVIDENCE," SAID FEDERAL JUDGE WILLIAM B. HERLANDS, WHO SENTENCED SOBLEN LAST AUG. 7.

SOBLEN WAS CONTINUED FREE IN $100,000 BOND SO HE CAN APPEAL JUDGE HERLANDS' RULING. THE 61-YEAR-OLD PSYCHIATRIST HAS BLOOD CANCER, AND DOCTORS HAVE FORECAST HIS DEATH IN A MATTER OF MONTHS.

THE DEFENDANT RESTED HIS HEAD ON HIS HANDS AS HE HEARD HERLANDS TURN DOWN HIS RETRIAL MOTION.

SOBLEN WAS CONVICTED LAST SUMMER OF TURNING OVER SECRET AMERICAN DATA TO SOVIET AGENTS OVER A 20-YEAR SPAN. ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE RING WAS HIS BROTHER, JACK SOBLE, 57, NOW SERVING SEVEN YEARS IN FEDERAL PRISON. THE BROTHERS SPELL THEIR LAST NAME DIFFERENTLY.

THE NEW TRIAL REQUEST WAS BASED ON THE FAILURE OF A DR. HANS HIRSCHFELD TO APPEAR AT THE ORIGINAL TRIAL. HE WAS IDENTIFIED AS A WEST GERMAN WHO WORKED FOR THE OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES DURING WORLD WAR II.

A GOVERNMENT WITNESS TESTIFIED HIRSCHFELD SUPPLIED SOBLEN WITH CLASSIFIED OSS MATERIAL FOR TRANSMISSION TO RUSSIA.

THE DEFENSE CLAIMED HIRSCHFELD DENIED SUCH ACTIVITY. HOWEVER, HE REFUSED TO COME TO THIS COUNTRY TO TESTIFY FOR SOBLEN AND JUDGE HERLANDS REFUSED TO PERMIT DEPOSITIONS FROM HIM TO BE INTRODUCED IN EVIDENCE.

1961

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